



Agricultural
Marketing
Service



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WEEKLY HIGHLIGHTS

Navigation Conditions Improve on Mississippi and Illinois Rivers, Shipments Increase on Ohio River

For the week beginning January 17, navigation conditions on the Upper Mississippi and Illinois Rivers improved as warmer weather stopped ice accumulation. Grain exporters have indicated they are sourcing grain from the Ohio River to offset lower volumes from the Upper Mississippi and Illinois Rivers. During the week ending January 16, Ohio River grain barge movements represented 63 percent of grain barge tonnages, whereas 23 percent was from the Mississippi Locks 27, and 10 percent from the Arkansas River. The annual averages of barged grain for these locations are: Ohio River, 21 percent, Mississippi River Locks 27, 73 percent, and Arkansas River, 6 percent.

Corn Drives Increase in Total Grain Export Inspections

For the week ending January 14, **total inspections of grain** (corn, wheat, soybeans) from major U.S. export regions reached 2.07 million metric tons (mmt), up 3.4 percent from the previous week and 20 percent above last year at this time. Corn inspections, which increased 43 percent from the previous week, drove the increase in total grain inspections. Asian destinations had the largest increase in corn inspections. The increase in corn exports may be due to a drop in corn prices after the USDA's higher-than-expected corn production estimate. In addition, recent corn futures prices for the March, May, and July contracts may be indicating an incentive to market the grain sooner rather than storing it for future sale. As the difference between the prices in those months decreases, the incentives to store the grain decreases.

Petroleum Pipeline Company Acquires Ethanol Unit Train Receiving Facilities

On January 19, Kinder Morgan Energy Partners LP, a traditional petroleum pipeline company, expanded its ethanol transportation business by acquiring three ethanol unit train receiving terminals. The acquisition includes terminals in Linden, NJ, Baltimore, MD, and Dallas, TX. Kinder Morgan already ships ethanol via pipeline in Florida between Tampa and Orlando. As ethanol production expands, the possibility of transporting ethanol via pipeline from rail receiving facilities to petroleum blending terminals may reduce the need for local truck services.

U.S. Average Diesel Fuel Price Falls for the First Time in a Month

The U.S. average diesel fuel price fell for the first time in a month, dipping 0.9 cents to \$2.87 a gallon, from \$2.879 last week, according to the Department of Energy (DOE). The slight downturn this week follows three straight weekly increases, from the week of Dec. 21 to last week's report on Jan. 11. During this time, diesel jumped 15.3 cents, a 6-percent increase in one month. The \$2.87 price for the past week is 25 percent above last year, the largest year-over-year increase since the week of Oct. 6, 2008. To calculate the national average diesel price, DOE surveys roughly 350 retail diesel outlets each week from across the country.

Snapshots by Sector

Rail

U.S. Railroads originated 19,443 **carloads of grain** during the week ending January 9, up 10 percent from last week, down 5 percent from the same week last year, and 9 percent lower than the 3-year average.

During the week ending January 16, average January **secondary railcar bids/offers** were at tariff for non-shuttle, unchanged from last week. Shuttle rates were \$125 above tariff, \$50 lower than last week.

Ocean

During the week ending January 14, 41 **ocean-going grain vessels** were loaded in the U.S. Gulf, up 14 percent from last year. Seventy-two **vessels** are expected to be loaded in the Gulf within the next 10 days, up 47 percent from last year.

As of January 15, the cost of shipping grain from the Gulf to Japan was \$70 per mt, down 3 percent from the previous week. The rate from the Pacific Northwest to Japan was \$40 per mt, down 5 percent from the previous week.

Barge

During the week ending January 16, **barge grain movements** totaled 463,974 tons, 57 percent higher than the previous week but 27 percent lower than the same period last year.

Feature Article/Calendar

Ocean Freight Rates Rise as Global Economy Improves

After reaching a trough during the 4th quarter of 2008, ocean freight rates for shipping grains from the U.S. Gulf and the Pacific Northwest (PNW) to Japan have been climbing steadily (see figure). The cost of shipping grains from the Gulf to Japan during the 4th quarter 2009 was \$66.95 per mt—17 percent higher than the previous quarter and 120 percent over the same period last year (see table). The cost of shipping grain from the PNW to Japan was \$38.60 per mt—29 percent higher than the previous quarter and 113 percent above the same period last year. It cost just over \$26 to ship grain from the Gulf to Rotterdam, a 33 percent increase over the previous quarter and a 61 percent increase over same quarter last year. The spread between rates for shipping grain from the Gulf or the PNW to Japan was \$28.35 per mt—up 4 percent from the previous quarter and 130 percent over the same period last year. A wider spread is expected to favor grain shipments out of the PNW ports, assuming all other things are equal.

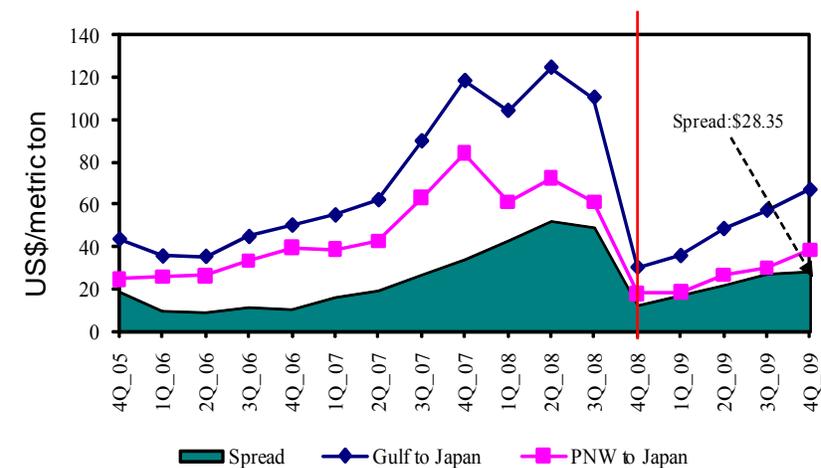
Ocean freight rates for grain routes during 4th quarter 2009

Route	Oct	Nov	Dec	4 th quarter 2009	Change from	
					3 rd qtr '09	4 th qtr '08
	--\$/mt--			--\$/mt--	Percent	
U.S. Gulf to Japan	60.85	71.38	68.63	66.95	17	120
PNW to Japan	33.80	43.13	38.88	38.60	29	113
U.S. Gulf to Europe	21.50	30.25	27.38	26.38	33	61
Spread	27.05	28.25	29.75	28.35	4	130

Source: O'Neil Commodity Consulting

The increase in the ocean shipping rates stemmed from improved forecasts for the global economy. China's insatiable appetite for raw materials also contributed to the rate increase as Chinese imports of iron ore and coal remained high. In addition, there was increased freight activity in Europe, Japan, and India. Finally, there were congestion problems at Australian major coal ports, such as Dalrymple Bay, Hay Point and Newcastle.

Grain vessel rates and spread, U.S. to Japan



Source: Baltic Exchange/Drewry Shipping Consultants/O'Neil Commodity

During October, an average of 60 vessels were waiting to be loaded at these ports, and waiting time remained above 10 days through the month of November. Additionally, many ports in China were reporting long waiting lines.

Market Outlook: A slight improvement in congestion towards the end of November and during the Christmas/New Year holiday period provided a temporary lull in the market and led to more ship availability. We are at the end of the U.S. grain harvest; and there is speculation that Argentina will drop out of the group of major grain-exporting countries. There was also a report of India cracking down on illegal mining activities. All of these factors may soften demand in the freight market and lower rates.

However, port congestion persists. As of the week ending January 18, there were 54 vessels waiting to load coal at the Australian port of Newcastle, with an average waiting time of about 16 days. Chinese stockpiling of raw materials has continued. The harsh winter in the Northern Hemisphere is expected to increase the demand for electricity and thus the demand for coal. These factors contribute to expectations of stronger rates in the future. It is uncertain how high rates will go and whether they will be sustainable. Only time will tell. The market outcome may hinge on the strength of the economic recovery.

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Rail Transportation

Table 3

Rail Deliveries to Port (carloads)¹

Week ending	Mississippi		Cross-Border	Pacific	Atlantic &	Total
	Gulf	Texas Gulf	Mexico	Northwest	East Gulf	
1/13/2010 ^p	278	1,088	518	2,659	1,718	6,261
1/06/2010 ^r	490	1,429	829	2,772	999	6,519
2010 YTD	768	2,517	1,347	5,431	2,717	12,780
2009 YTD	1,647	1,452	1,640	4,700	1,106	10,545
2010 YTD as % of 2009 YTD	47	173	82	116	246	121
Last 4 weeks as % of 2009 ²	47	155	75	133	262	126
Last 4 weeks as % of 4-year avg. ²	26	71	92	80	185	78
Total 2009	33,423	57,646	36,738	175,965	30,328	334,100
Total 2008	68,768	107,542	37,491	255,852	33,028	502,681

¹ Data is incomplete as it is voluntarily provided

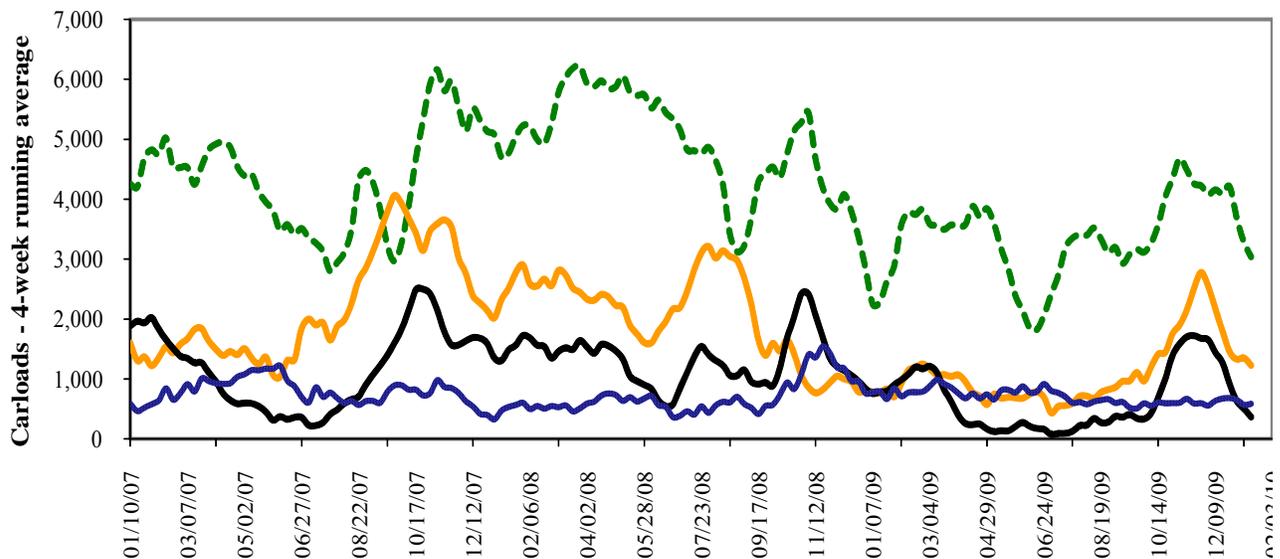
² Compared with same 4-weeks in 2008 and prior 4-year average.

YTD = year-to-date; p = preliminary data; r = revised data; n/a = not available

Railroads originate approximately 35 percent of U.S. grain shipments. Trends in these loadings are indicative of market conditions and expectations.

Figure 2

Rail Deliveries to Port



----- Pacific Northwest: 4 Wks. ending 1/13-- up 33% from same period last year; down 20% from 4-year average
 — Texas Gulf: 4 wks. ending 1/13-- up 55% from same period last year; down 29% from 4-year average
 — Miss. River: 4 wks. ending 1/13 -- down 53% from same period last year; down 74% from 4-year average
 — Cross-border Mexico: 4 wks. ending 1/13 -- down 25% from same period last year; down 8% from 4-year average

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

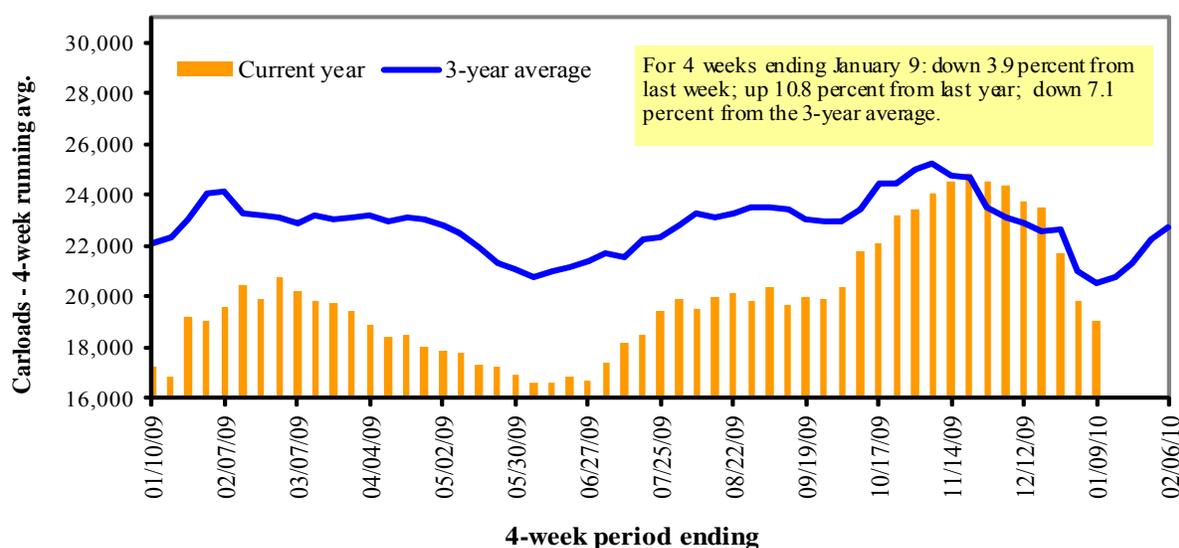
Table 4

Class I Rail Carrier Grain Car Bulletin (grain carloads originated)

Week ending	East		West			U.S. total	Canada	
	CSXT	NS	BNSF	KCS	UP		CN	CP
01/09/10	2,583	2,715	9,156	575	4,414	19,443	3,791	5,195
This week last year	2,690	2,777	8,853	908	5,269	20,497	5,372	3,334
2010 YTD	2,583	2,715	9,156	575	4,414	19,443	3,791	5,195
2009 YTD	2,690	2,777	8,853	908	5,269	20,497	3,400	3,670
2010 YTD as % of 2009 YTD	96	98	103	63	84	95	112	142
Last 4 weeks as % of 2009 ¹	106	112	117	82	106	111	98	119
Last 4 weeks as % of 3-yr avg. ¹	79	101	95	88	93	93	74	104
Total 2009	105,278	142,254	483,618	36,912	268,811	200,873		278,997

¹As a percent of the same period in 2008 and the prior 3-year average. YTD = year-to-date.

Source: Association of American Railroads (www.aar.org)

Figure 3**Total Weekly U.S. Class I Railroad Grain Car Loadings**

Source: Association of American Railroads

Table 5

Rail Car Auction Offerings¹ (\$/car)²

Week ending	Delivery period							
	Jan-10	Jan-09	Feb-10	Feb-09	Mar-10	Mar-09	Apr-10	Apr-09
1/16/2009								
BNSF ³								
COT grain units	no offer	no offer	0	0	no bids	no bids	no bids	no bids
COT grain single-car ⁵	no offer	no offer	0 - 12	0	0	0	no bids	0
UP ⁴								
GCAS/Region 1	no offer	no bids	no bids	no bids	no bids	no bids	no offer	no offer
GCAS/Region 2	no offer	no bids	no bids	no bids	no bids	no bids	no offer	no offer

¹Auction offerings are for single-car and unit train shipments only.

²Average premium/discount to tariff, last auction

³BNSF - COT = Certificate of Transportation; north grain and south grain bids were combined effective the week ending 6/24/06.

⁴UP - GCAS = Grain Car Allocation System

Region 1 includes: AR, IL, LA, MO, NM, OK, TX, WI, and Duluth, MN.

Region 2 includes: CO, IA, KS, MN, NE, WY, and Kansas City and St. Joseph, MO.

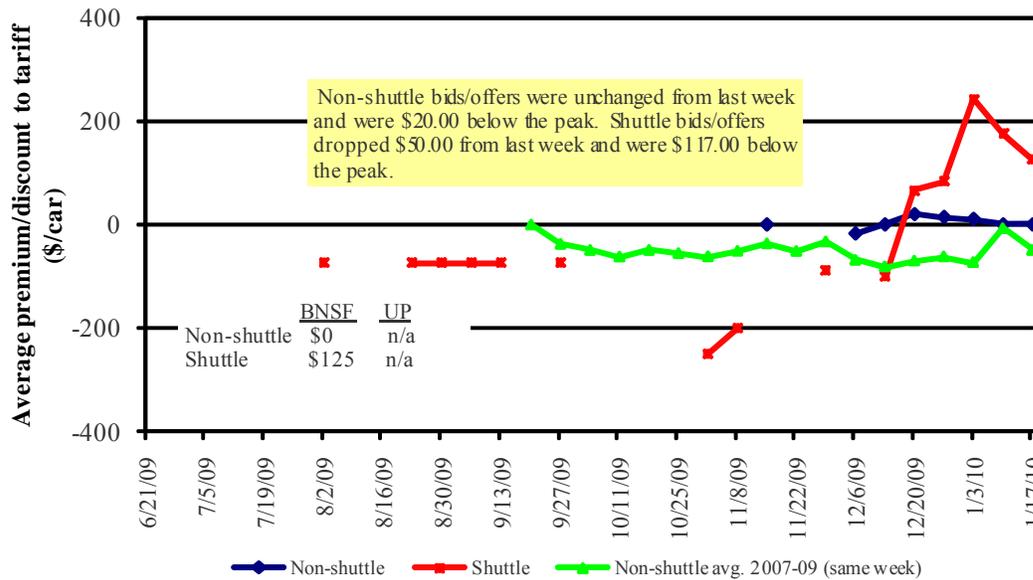
⁵Range is shown because average is not available. Not available = n/a.

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA.

The **secondary rail market** information reflects trade values for service that was originally purchased from the railroad carrier as some form of guaranteed freight. The **auction and secondary rail** values are indicators of rail service quality and demand/supply.

Figure 4

Bids/Offers for Railcars to be Delivered in January 2010, Secondary Market

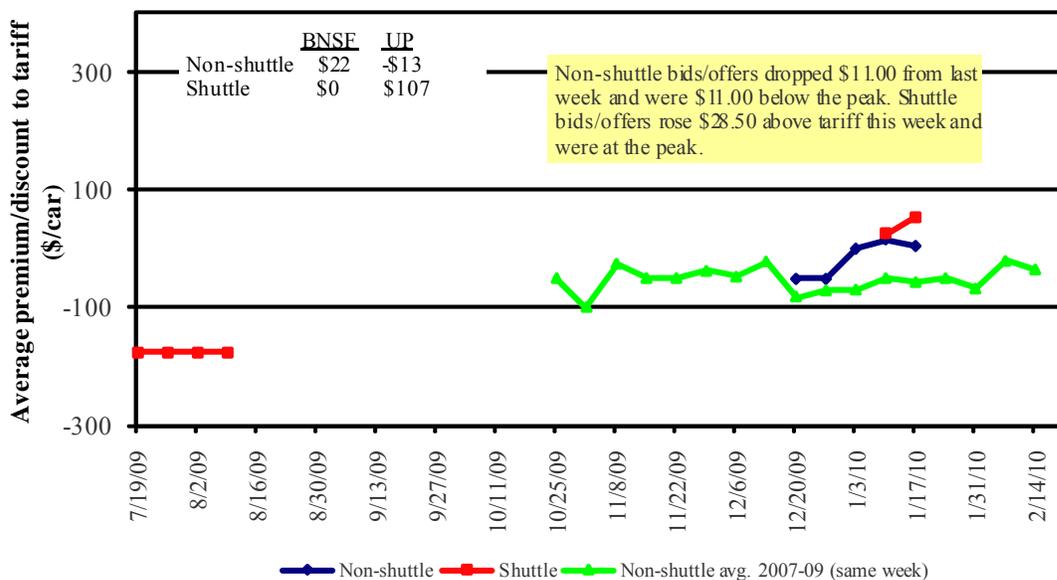


Non-shuttle bids include unit-train and single-car bids. n/a = not available.

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Figure 5

Bids/Offers for Railcars to be Delivered in February 2010, Secondary Market

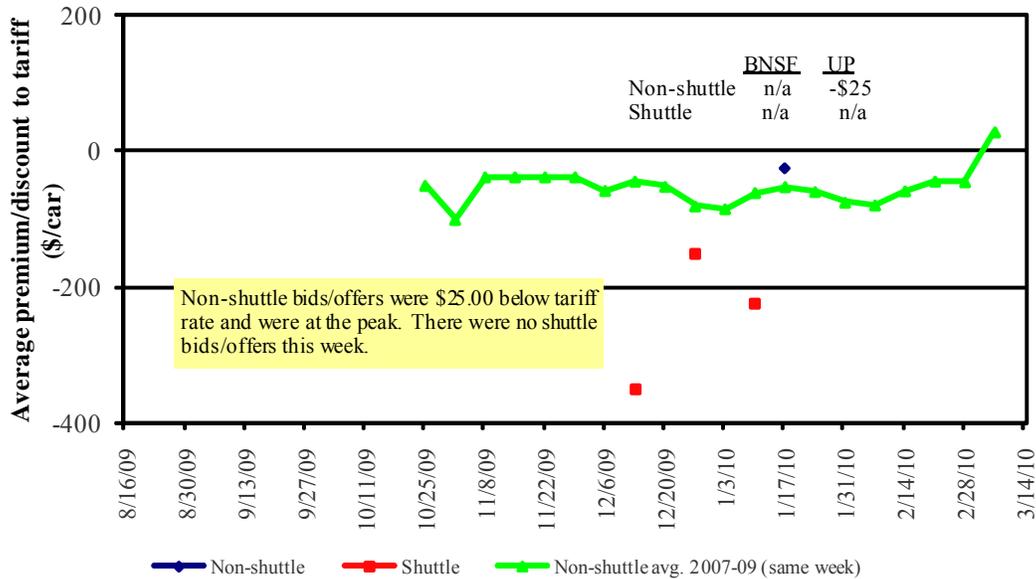


Non-shuttle bids include unit-train and single-car bids. n/a = not available.

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Figure 6

Bids/Offers for Railcars to be Delivered in March 2010, Secondary Market



Non-shuttle bids include unit-train and single-car bids. n/a = not available.

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Table 6

Weekly Secondary Rail Car Market (\$/car)¹

Week ending	Delivery period					
	Jan-10	Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jun-10
1/16/2010						
Non-shuttle						
BNSF-GF	0	22	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Change from last week	0	-28	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Change from same week 2008	50	42	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
UP-Pool	n/a	-13	-25	n/a	n/a	n/a
Change from last week	n/a	6	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Change from same week 2008	n/a	59	67	n/a	n/a	n/a
Shuttle²						
BNSF-GF	125	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	-158
Change from last week	-150	-25	n/a	n/a	n/a	-8
Change from same week 2008	300	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
UP-Pool	n/a	107	n/a	n/a	n/a	-175
Change from last week	n/a	82	n/a	n/a	n/a	0
Change from same week 2008	n/a	257	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

¹Average premium/discount to tariff, \$/car-last week

²Shuttle bids are a new data series; prior to this we provided only non-shuttle rates.

Note: Bids listed are market INDICATORS only & are NOT guaranteed prices,

n/a = not available; GF = guaranteed freight; Pool = guaranteed pool

Sources: Transportation and Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Data from Atwood/ConAgra, Harvest States Co-op, James B. Joiner Co., Tradewest Brokerage Co.

Table 7

Tariff Rail Rates for Unit and Shuttle Train Shipments¹

Effective date:		Origin region	Destination region	Tariff rate/car	Fuel surcharge per car	Tariff plus surcharge per:		Percent change Y/Y ³
1/4/2010	metric ton					bushel ²		
<u>Unit train¹</u>								
Wheat	Chicago, IL	Albany, NY	\$2,622	\$96	\$29.96	\$0.82	6	
	Kansas City, MO	Galveston, TX	\$2,678	\$116	\$30.79	\$0.84	5	
	South Central, KS	Galveston, TX	\$3,655	\$274	\$43.31	\$1.18	7	
	Minneapolis, MN	Houston, TX	\$3,799	\$555	\$47.99	\$1.31	6	
	St. Louis, MO	Houston, TX	\$3,565	\$112	\$40.53	\$1.10	7	
	South Central, ND	Houston, TX	\$5,348	\$617	\$65.75	\$1.79	1	
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$4,200	\$674	\$53.72	\$1.46	5	
	South Central, ND	Portland, OR	\$4,200	\$553	\$52.40	\$1.43	5	
	Northwest, KS	Portland, OR	\$5,100	\$737	\$64.34	\$1.75	4	
	Chicago, IL	Richmond, VA	\$2,834	\$175	\$33.17	\$0.90	9	
Corn	Chicago, IL	Baton Rouge, LA	\$2,925	\$142	\$33.80	\$0.86	-7	
	Council Bluffs, IA	Baton Rouge, LA	\$3,020	\$151	\$34.96	\$0.89	-7	
	Kansas City, MO	Dalhart, TX	\$3,284	\$200	\$38.40	\$0.98	0	
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,609	\$674	\$47.21	\$1.20	3	
	Evansville, IN	Raleigh, NC	\$3,204	\$171	\$37.20	\$0.95	6	
	Columbus, OH	Raleigh, NC	\$3,093	\$150	\$35.75	\$0.91	6	
	Council Bluffs, IA	Stockton, CA	\$4,900	\$728	\$62.04	\$1.58	-9	
Soybeans	Chicago, IL	Baton Rouge, LA	\$3,178	\$142	\$36.59	\$1.00	-5	
	Council Bluffs, IA	Baton Rouge, LA	\$3,192	\$151	\$36.85	\$1.00	-1	
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$4,110	\$674	\$52.73	\$1.44	-6	
	Evansville, IN	Raleigh, NC	\$3,204	\$171	\$37.20	\$1.01	6	
	Chicago, IL	Raleigh, NC	\$3,804	\$213	\$44.28	\$1.21	5	
<u>Shuttle Train</u>								
Wheat	St. Louis, MO	Houston, TX	\$2,792	\$112	\$32.01	\$0.87	5	
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,700	\$674	\$48.21	\$1.31	3	
Corn	Fremont, NE	Houston, TX	\$2,520	\$408	\$32.27	\$0.82	-1	
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,528	\$674	\$46.32	\$1.18	4	
Soybeans	Council Bluffs, IA	Houston, TX	\$2,787	\$395	\$35.08	\$0.95	-1	
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,774	\$674	\$49.03	\$1.33	6	

¹A unit train refers to shipments of at least 52 cars. Shuttle train rates are available for qualified shipments of 75-110 cars that meet railroad efficiency requirements.

²Approximate load per car = 100 short tons (90.72 metric tons): corn 56 lbs./bu., wheat & soybeans 60 lbs./bu.

³Percentage change year over year calculated using tariff rate plus fuel surcharge

Sources: www.bnsf.com, www.cpr.ca, www.csx.com, www.uprr.com

Table 8

Tariff Rail Rates for U.S. Bulk Grain Shipments to Mexico

Effective date: 1/4/2010

Commodity	Origin state	Destination region	Tariff rate/car ¹	Fuel	Tariff plus surcharge per:		Percent change Y/Y ³
				surcharge per car	metric ton	bushel ²	
Wheat	MT	Chihuahua, CI	\$6,205	\$627	\$69.81	\$1.90	4
	OK	Cuautitlan, EM	\$5,685	\$477	\$62.96	\$1.71	5
	KS	Guadalajara, JA	\$6,155	\$489	\$67.88	\$1.85	5
	TX	Salinas Victoria, NL	\$3,109	\$155	\$33.35	\$0.91	4
Corn	IA	Guadalajara, JA	\$6,570	\$568	\$72.93	\$1.98	-3
	SD	Penjamo, GJ	\$6,440	\$821	\$74.19	\$2.02	-3
	NE	Queretaro, QA	\$6,190	\$461	\$67.96	\$1.85	0
	SD	Salinas Victoria, NL	\$4,570	\$624	\$53.07	\$1.44	-4
	MO	Tlalnepantla, EM	\$5,384	\$449	\$59.60	\$1.62	0
	SD	Torreon, CU	\$5,330	\$687	\$61.48	\$1.67	-3
Soybeans	MO	Bojay (Tula), HG	\$5,994	\$488	\$66.23	\$1.80	-1
	NE	Guadalajara, JA	\$6,375	\$559	\$70.85	\$1.93	-2
	IA	Penjamo (Celaya), GJ	\$6,590	\$815	\$75.67	\$2.06	3
	KS	Torreon, CU	\$5,180	\$368	\$56.68	\$1.54	0
Sorghum	OK	Cuautitlan, EM	\$4,339	\$623	\$50.70	\$1.38	0
	TX	Guadalajara, JA	\$5,150	\$534	\$58.08	\$1.58	6
	NE	Penjamo, GJ	\$6,395	\$511	\$70.57	\$1.92	2
	KS	Queretaro, QA	\$5,488	\$356	\$59.71	\$1.62	0
	NE	Salinas Victoria, NL	\$4,392	\$372	\$48.67	\$1.32	0
	NE	Torreon, CU	\$5,240	\$421	\$57.84	\$1.57	1

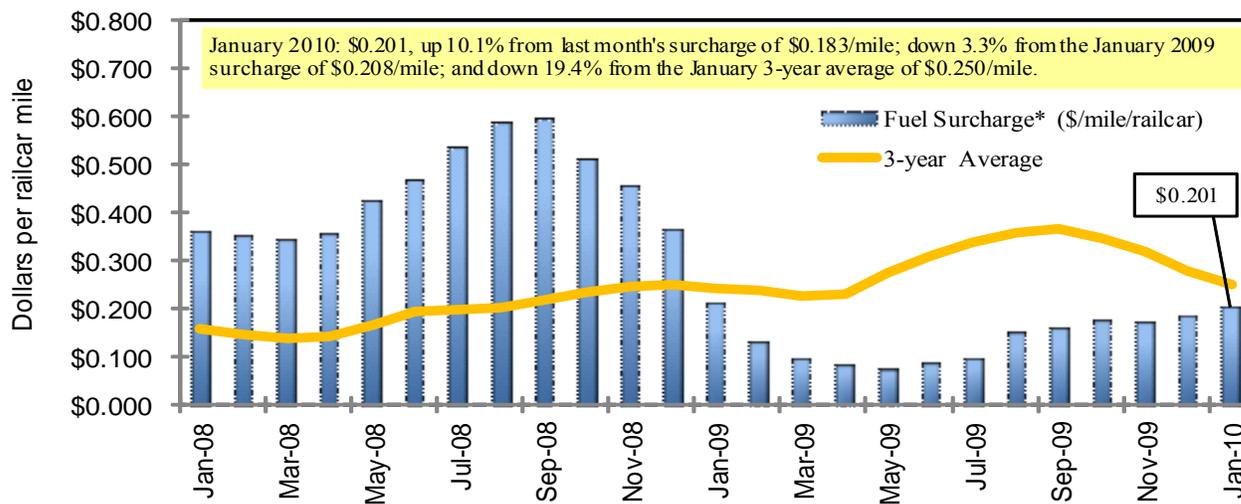
¹Rates are based upon published tariff rates for high-capacity shuttle trains. Shuttle trains are available for qualified shipments of 75--110 cars that meet railroad efficiency requirements.

²Approximate load per car = 97.87 metric tons: Corn & Sorghum 56 lbs/bu, Wheat & Soybeans 60 lbs/bu

³Percentage change year over year calculated using tariff rate plus fuel surcharge

Sources: www.bnsf.com, www.uprr.com, www.kcsouthern.com

Figure 7

Railroad Fuel Surcharges, North American Weighted Average¹

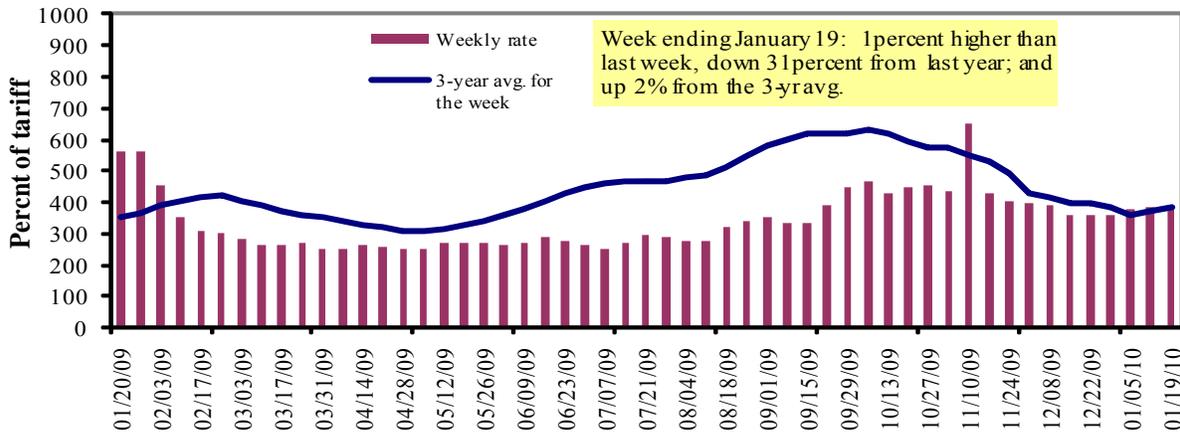
¹ Weighted by each Class I railroad's proportion of grain traffic for the prior year.

* Mileage-based fuel surcharges for March and April 2007 are estimated. Beginning January 2009, the Canadian Pacific fuel surcharge is computed by a monthly average of the bi-weekly fuel surcharge.

Barge Transportation

Figure 8

Illinois River Barge Freight Rate^{1,2}



¹Rate = percent of 1976 tariff benchmark index (1976 = 100 percent); ²4-week moving average of the 3-year average.

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Table 9

Weekly Barge Freight Rates: Southbound Only

		Twin Cities	Mid- Mississippi	Illinois River	St. Louis	Cincinnati	Lower Ohio	Cairo- Memphis
Rate¹	1/19/2010	-	-	391	290	329	329	251
	1/12/2010	-	-	386	261	310	310	228
\$/ton	1/19/2010	-	-	18.14	11.57	15.43	13.29	7.88
	1/12/2010	-	-	17.91	10.41	14.54	12.52	7.16
Current week % change from the same week:								
	Last year	-	-	-31	-40	-23	-23	-42
	3-year avg. ²	-	-	2	-8	-3	-3	-13
Rate¹	February	-	-	360	273	315	315	239
	April	359	329	321	253	300	300	229

¹Rate = percent of 1976 tariff benchmark index (1976 = 100 percent); ²4-week moving average; ton = 2,000 pounds.

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Calculating barge rate per ton:

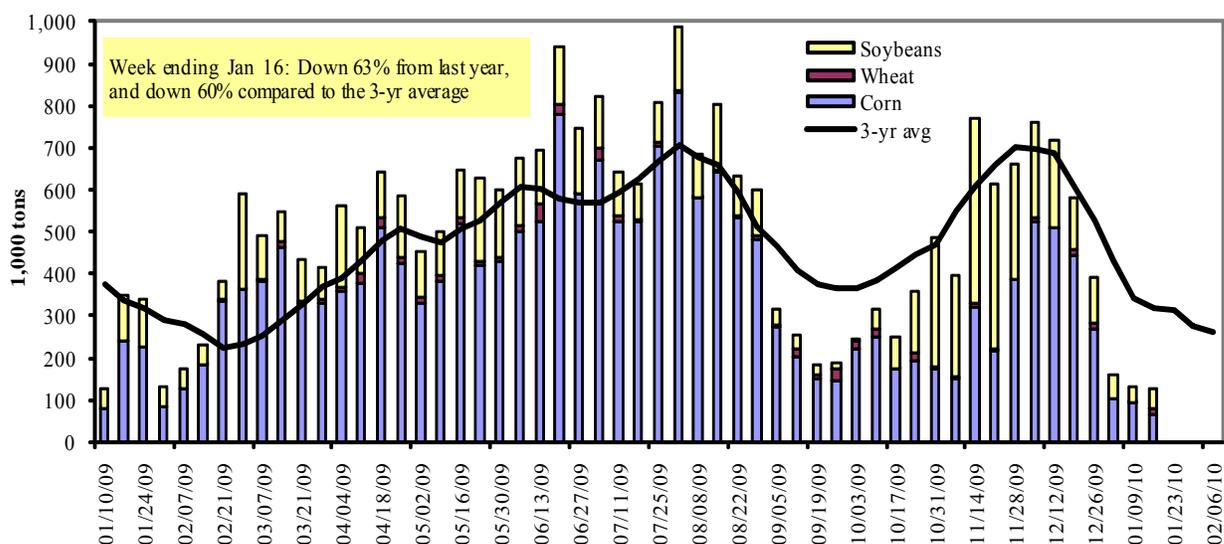
(Index * 1976 tariff benchmark rate per ton)/100

Select applicable index from market quotes included in tables on this page. The 1976 benchmark rates per ton are provided in map (see figure 9).

Benchmark tariff rates



Figure 10

Barge Movements on the Mississippi River¹ (Locks 27 - Granite City, IL)

¹ The 3-year average is a 4-week moving average.

Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (www.mvr.usace.army.mil/mvrirmi/omni/webrpts/default.asp)

Table 10

Barge Grain Movements (1,000 tons)

Week ending 1/16/2010	Corn	Wheat	Soybeans	Other	Total
Mississippi River					
Rock Island, IL (L15)	0	0	0	0	0
Winfield, MO (L25)	0	0	0	0	0
Alton, IL (L26)	84	15	69	0	168
Granite City, IL (L27)	67	14	47	0	128
Illinois River (L8)	86	3	47	0	136
Ohio River (L52)	106	24	161	0	291
Arkansas River (L1)	0	3	41	1	45
Weekly total - 2010	173	41	249	1	464
Weekly total - 2009	400	10	229	0	639
2010 YTD ¹	436	61	547	23	1,067
2009 YTD	830	19	554	8	1,411
2010 as % of 2009 YTD	53	321	99	288	76
Last 4 weeks as % of 2009 ²	79	329	103	200	94
Total 2009	23,424	1,501	10,465	430	35,819

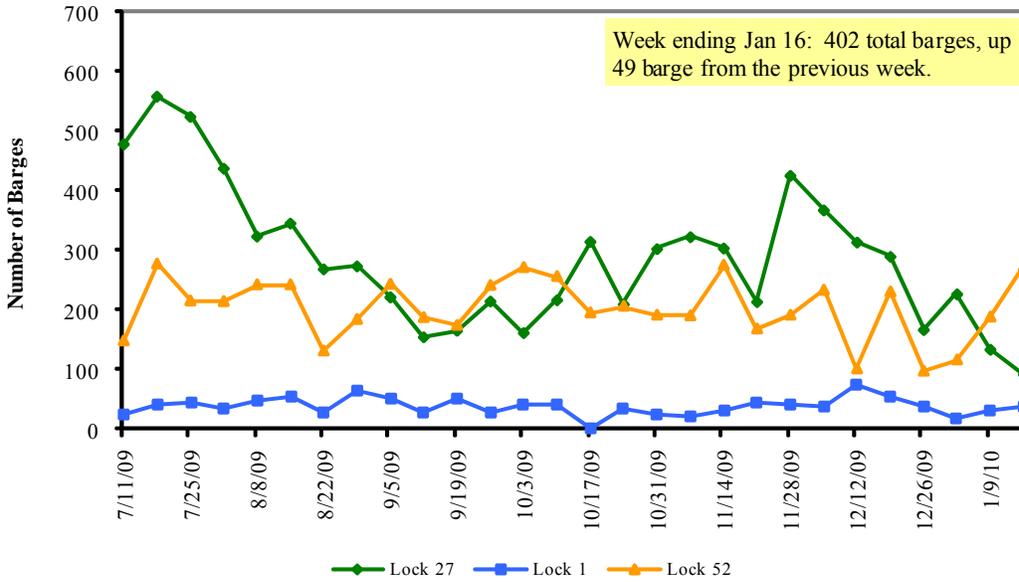
¹ Weekly total, YTD (year-to-date) and calendar year total includes Miss/27, Ohio/52, and Ark/1; "Other" refers to oats, barley, sorghum, and r

² As a percent of same period in 2009.

Note: Total may not add exactly, due to rounding

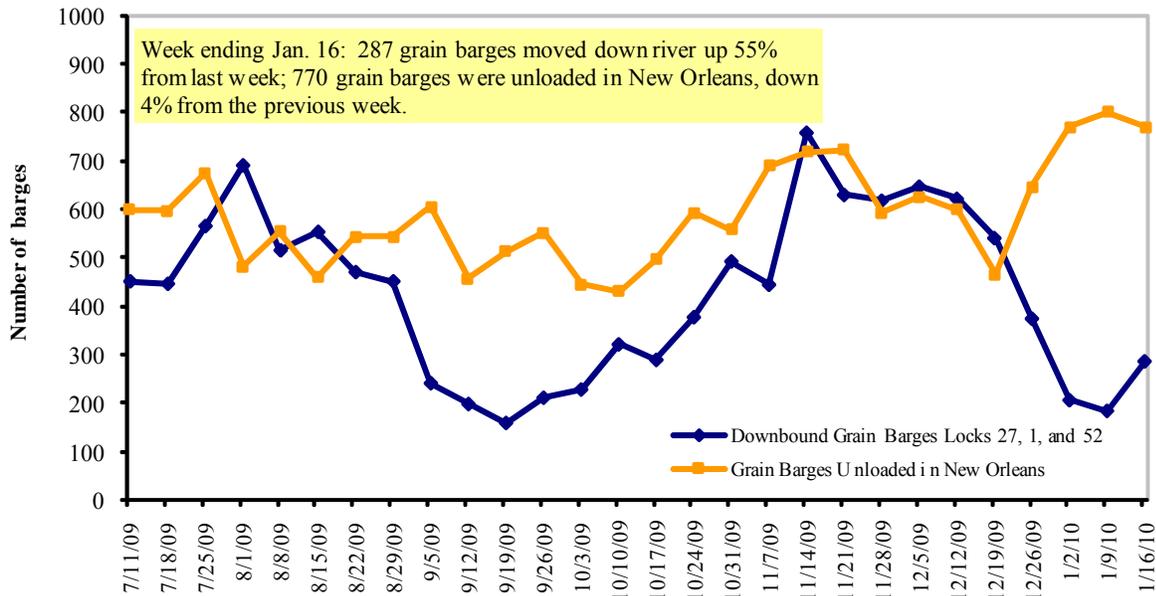
Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (www.mvr.usace.army.mil/mvrirmi/omni/webrpts/default.asp)

Figure 11
Upbound Empty Barges Transiting Mississippi River Locks 27, Arkansas River Lock and Dam 1, and Ohio River Locks and Dam 52



Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Figure 12
Grain Barges for Export in New Orleans Region



Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and GIPSA

Truck Transportation

The weekly diesel price provides a proxy for trends in U.S. truck rates as diesel fuel is a significant expense for truck grain movements.

Table 11

Retail on-Highway Diesel Prices¹, Week Ending 1/18/2010 (US\$/gallon)

Region	Location	Price	Change from	
			Week ago	Year ago
I	East Coast	2.923	0.001	0.546
	New England	3.065	-0.003	0.452
	Central Atlantic	3.023	-0.003	0.509
	Lower Atlantic	2.867	0.003	0.570
II	Midwest ²	2.834	-0.010	0.570
III	Gulf Coast ³	2.831	-0.015	0.604
IV	Rocky Mountain	2.827	0.013	0.578
V	West coast C	2.947	-0.024	0.609
	California	3.008	-0.024	0.689
Total	U.S.	2.870	-0.009	0.574

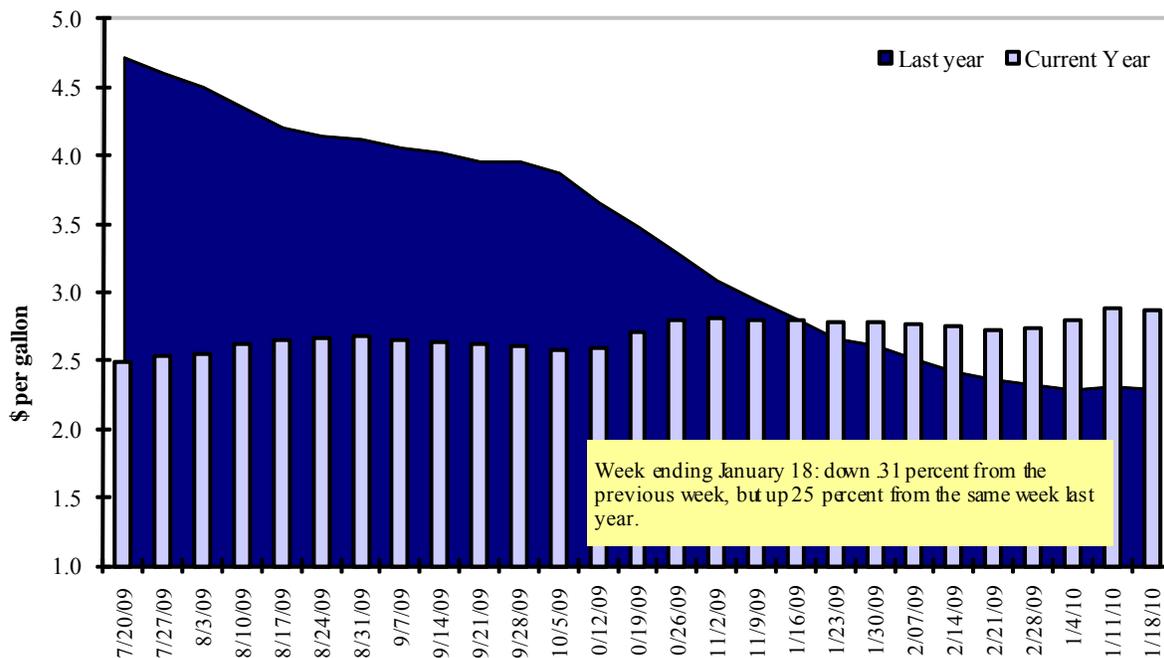
¹Diesel fuel prices include all taxes. Prices represent an average of all types of diesel fuel.

²Same as North Central ³Same as South Central

Source: Energy Information Administration/U.S. Department of Energy (www.eia.doe.gov)

Figure 13

Weekly Diesel Fuel Prices, U.S. Average



Source: Retail On-Highway Diesel Prices, Energy Information Administration, Dept. of Energy

Grain Exports

Table 12

U.S. Export Balances and Cumulative Exports (1,000 metric tons)

Week ending	Wheat						Corn	Soybeans	Total
	HRW	SRW	HRS	SWW	DUR	All wheat			
Export Balances¹									
1/7/2010	1,323	478	882	671	214	3,568	10,829	11,648	26,045
This week year ago	1,577	705	804	561	91	3,738	7,307	7,211	18,256
Cumulative exports-marketing year²									
2009/10 YTD	4,719	1,803	2,995	2,475	674	12,666	14,876	21,314	48,856
2008/09 YTD	8,640	3,810	3,578	1,853	304	18,184	14,210	15,033	47,427
YTD 2009/10 as % of 2008/09	55	47	84	134	222	70	105	142	103
Last 4 wks as % of same period 2008/09	87	70	116	123	251	99	155	176	152
2008/09 Total	11,244	5,100	5,408	3,420	454	25,626	44,650	33,705	103,981
2007/08 Total	13,709	5,568	7,842	4,191	1,075	32,385	59,666	30,411	122,462

¹ Current unshipped export sales to date

² Shipped export sales to date; new marketing year is now in effect for corn and soybeans

Note: YTD = year-to-date. Marketing Year: wheat = 6/01-5/31, corn & soybeans = 9/01-8/31

Source: Foreign Agricultural Service/USDA (www.fas.usda.gov)

Table 13

Top 5 Importers¹ of U.S. Corn

Week ending 01/07/10	Total Commitments ²		% change current MY from last MY	Exports ³ 2008/09
	2009/10 Current MY	2008/09 Last MY		
	- 1,000 mt -			- 1,000 mt -
Japan ⁴	6,888	7,780	(11)	15,910
Mexico	5,232	4,747	10	7,454
Korea	3,424	1,515	126	5,129
Taiwan	1,625	1,059	53	3,198
Egypt	830	731	14	2,233
Top 5 importers	17,998	15,832	14	33,924
Total US corn export sales⁵	25,705	21,517	19	45,214
% of Projected	49%	46%		
Change from Last Week	327	216		
Top 5 importers' share of U.S. corn export sales	70%	74%		
USDA forecast, January 2010	52,070	47,180	10	
Corn Use for Ethanol USDA forecast, January 2010	106,680	93,396	14	

(n) indicates negative number.

¹ Based on FAS Marketing Year Ranking Reports - www.fas.usda.gov; Marketing year (MY) = Sep 1 - Aug 31.

² Cumulative Exports (shipped) + Outstanding Sales (unshipped), FAS Weekly Export Sales Report.

³ FAS Marketing Year Final Reports - www.fas.usda.gov/export-sales/myfi_rpt.htm.

⁴ Not included - FAS Press Release: **106,680 mt** on 01/13/10 to Japan for 2009/10.

⁵ Not included - FAS Press Release: **116,000 mt** on 01/15/10 to Unknown for 2009/10.

Table 14

Top 5 Importers¹ of U.S. Soybeans

Week ending 01/07/10	Total Commitments ²		% change current MY from last MY	Exports ³ 2008/09
	2009/10 Current MY	2008/09 Last MY		
	- 1,000 mt -			- 1,000 mt -
China	20,285	12,733	59	18,681
Mexico	1,546	1,391	11	3,098
Japan 1,	514	1,875	(19)	2,410
EU-25	1,669	1,644	2	2,180
Taiwan	1,100	861	28	1,592
Top 5 importers	26,113	18,503	41	27,961
Total US soybean export sales	32,961	22,243	48	
% of Projected	88%	64%		
Change from last week	696	1,362		
Top 5 importers' share of U.S. soybean export sales	79%	83%		
USDA forecast, January 2010	37,420	34,930	7	
Soybean Use for Biodiesel USDA forecast, January 2010	5,275	4,566	16	

(n) indicates negative number.

¹Based on FAS 2006/07 Marketing Year Ranking Reports - www.fas.usda.gov; Marketing year (MY) = Sep 1 - Aug 31.²Cumulative Exports (shipped) + Outstanding Sales (unshipped), FAS Weekly Export Sales Report.³FAS Marketing Year Final Reports - www.fas.usda.gov/export-sales/myfi_rpt.htm.

Table 15

Top 10 Importers¹ of All U.S. Wheat

Week Ending 01/07/2010	Total Commitments ²		% change current MY from last MY	Exports ³ 2008/09
	2009/10 Current MY	2008/09 Last MY		
	- 1,000 mt -			- 1,000 mt -
Japan	2,201	2,340	(6)	3,103
Nigeria	2,330	2,302	1	2,661
Mexico	1,371	2,144	(36)	2,423
Egypt 456		1,725	(74)	1,928
Philippines	1,319	1,276	3	1,480
Iraq	300	1,205	(75)	1,205
Korea, South	883	851	4	1,127
Brazil	212	790	(73)	789
Colombia	434	653	(33)	749
Taiwan	617	429	44	714
Top 10 importers	10,122	13,714	(26)	16,179
Total US wheat export sales	16,234	21,922	(26)	27,640
% of Projected	72%	79%		
Change from last week	182	88		
Top 10 importers' share of U.S. wheat export sales	62%	63%		
USDA forecast, January 2010	22,450	27,640	(19)	

(n) indicates negative number.

¹Based on FAS 2008/09 Marketing Year Ranking Reports - www.fas.usda.gov; Marketing year = Jun 1 - May 31.²Cumulative Exports (shipped) + Outstanding Sales (unshipped), FAS Weekly Export Sales Report.³FAS Marketing Year Final Reports - www.fas.usda.gov/export-sales/myfi_rpt.htm.

Table 16

Grain Inspections for Export by U.S. Port Region (1,000 metric tons)

Port regions	Week ending 01/14/10	2010 YTD ¹	2009 YTD ¹	2010 YTD as % of 2009 YTD	Last 4-weeks as % of		Total ¹ 2009
					2009	3-yr. avg.	
Pacific Northwest							
Wheat	124	321	413	78	105	71	10,091
Corn	178	263	180	146	170	152	8,498
Soybeans	104	408	321	127	134	127	9,743
Total	406	991	913	109	134	109	28,332
Mississippi Gulf							
Wheat	52	80	186	43	72	67	4,019
Corn	484	877	899	98	101	76	28,846
Soybeans	951	1,680	1,194	141	185	203	21,853
Total	1,486	2,637	2,280	116	141	127	54,718
Texas Gulf							
Wheat	80	176	144	122	105	102	5,735
Corn	43	43	2	2,407	409	56	1,968
Soybeans	49	156	0	n/a	n/a	1,058	2,402
Total	172	375	146	257	195	161	10,105
Great Lakes							
Wheat	0	2	0	n/a	30	69	990
Corn	0	0	0	n/a	0	0	338
Soybeans	0	0	0	n/a	0	0	781
Total	0	2	0	n/a	7	10	2,109
Atlantic							
Wheat	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	2	547
Corn	0	16	12	127	185	36	472
Soybeans	7	54	52	104	336	301	1,266
Total	7	69	64	109	314	148	2,285
U.S. total from ports²							
Wheat	256	580	743	78	98	76	21,382
Corn	705	1,198	1,093	110	118	87	40,122
Soybeans	1,112	2,298	1,567	147	187	199	36,045
Total	2,072	4,076	3,403	120	144	125	97,549

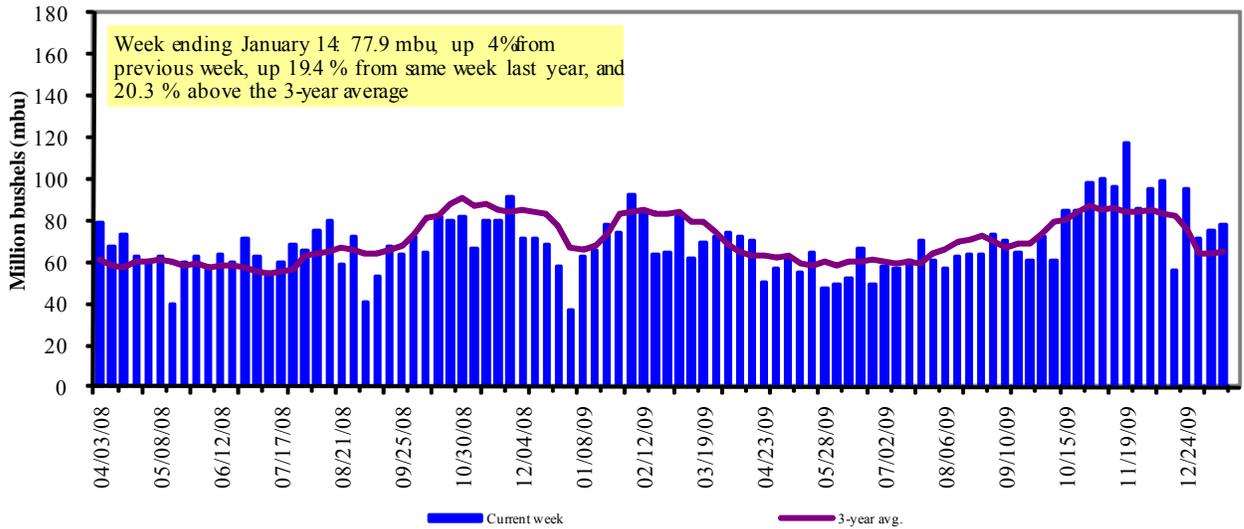
¹ Includes weekly revisions, some regional totals may not add exactly due to rounding.

² Total includes only port regions shown above

Source: Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration/USDA (www.gipsa.usda.gov); YTD= year-to-date; n/a = not applicable

Figure 14

U.S. grain inspected for export (wheat, corn, and soybeans)

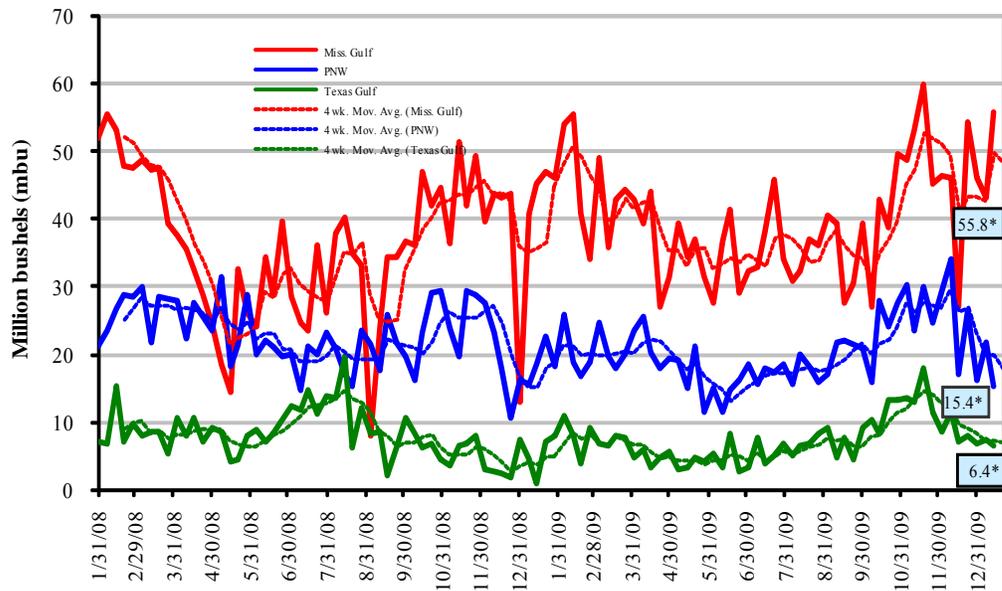


Source: Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration/USDA (www.gipsa.usda.gov)

Note: 3-year average consists of 4-week running average

Figure 15

Weekly U.S. Grain Inspections: U.S. Gulf and PNW (wheat, corn, and soybeans)



Source: Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration/USDA (www.gipsa.usda.gov); *mbu, this week.

January 14, % change from:	MS Gulf	TX Gulf	U.S. Gulf	PNW
Last week	up 29	down 14	up 23	down 29
Last year (same week)	up 586	up 68	up 35	down 17
3-yr avg. (4-wk mov. avg.)	up 41	up 52	up 41	down 38

Ocean Transportation

Table 17

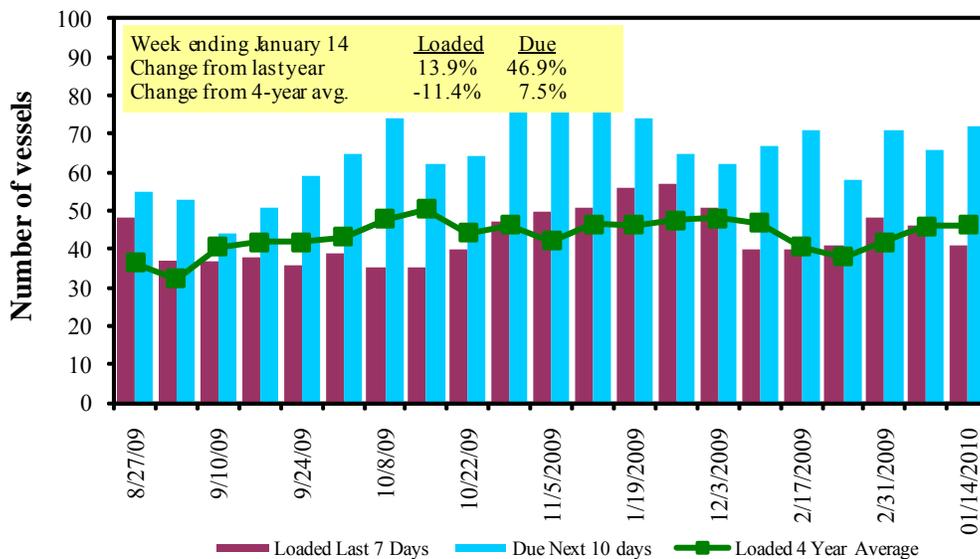
Weekly Port Region Grain Ocean Vessel Activity (number of vessels)

Date	Gulf			Pacific Northwest	Vancouver B.C.
	In port	Loaded 7-days	Due next 10-days	In port	In port
1/14/2010	50	41	72	18	12
1/7/2010	54	46	66	14	7
2009 range	(18..72)	(21..57)	(37..86)	(2..19)	(3..19)
2009 avg.	37	39	55	10	9

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Figure 16

U.S. Gulf¹ Vessel Loading Activity



Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA
¹U.S. Gulf includes Mississippi, Texas, and East Gulf.

Figure 17

Grain Vessel Rates, U.S. to Japan

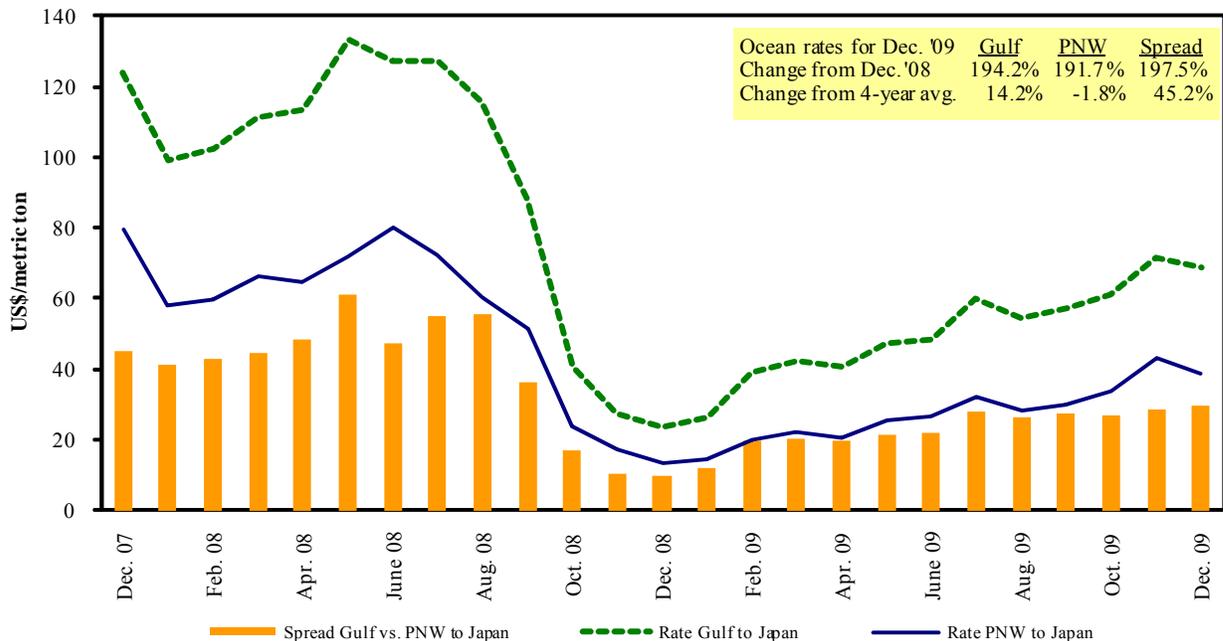


Table 18

Ocean Freight Rates For Selected Shipments, Week Ending 1/16/2010

Export region	Import region	Grain types	Loading date	Volume loads (metric tons)	Freight rate (US\$/metric ton)
U.S. Gulf	Egyptian Mediterranean	Hvy Grain	Jan 7/12	60,000	39.00
U.S. Gulf	Djibouti ¹	Wheat	Jan 1/10	2,770	114.50
U.S. Gulf	China	Hvy Grain	Oct 20/30	55,000	54.00
U.S. Gulf	Morocco	Hvy Grain	Aug 25/Sep 5	25,000	38.00
Brazil	France	Grains	Sep 10/20	20,000	34.00
Brazil	France	Soybeanmeal	Aug 18/28	25,000	34.50
Brazil	Ireland	Grain	Dec 25/30	25,000	43.50
Brazil	Morocco	Corn	Oct 25/Nov 5	25,000	29.00
Ukraine	Kenya	Wheat	Dec 25/30	25,000	52.00
Ukraine	Mediterranean	Wheat	Dec 14/18	30,000	20.00
France	Algeria	Wheat	Nov 5/15	25,000	29.50
France	Algeria	Wheat	Oct 20/30	25,000	27.25
France	Algeria	Wheat	Sep 25/30	25,000	25.50
France	Algeria	Wheat	Sep 1/5	25,000	24.00
France	Algeria	Hvy Grain	Jan 15/20	28,500	28.25
River Plate	Continent	Grain	Dec 20/28	25,000	36.50
River Plate	Continent	Grain	Dec 1/10	25,000	48.00
River Plate	Continent	Grain	Nov 25/30	25,000	40.00
River Plate	Poland	Grains	Sep 1/20	24,000	37.25
River Plate	Poland	Soybeanmeal	Sep 5/15	25,000	37.75

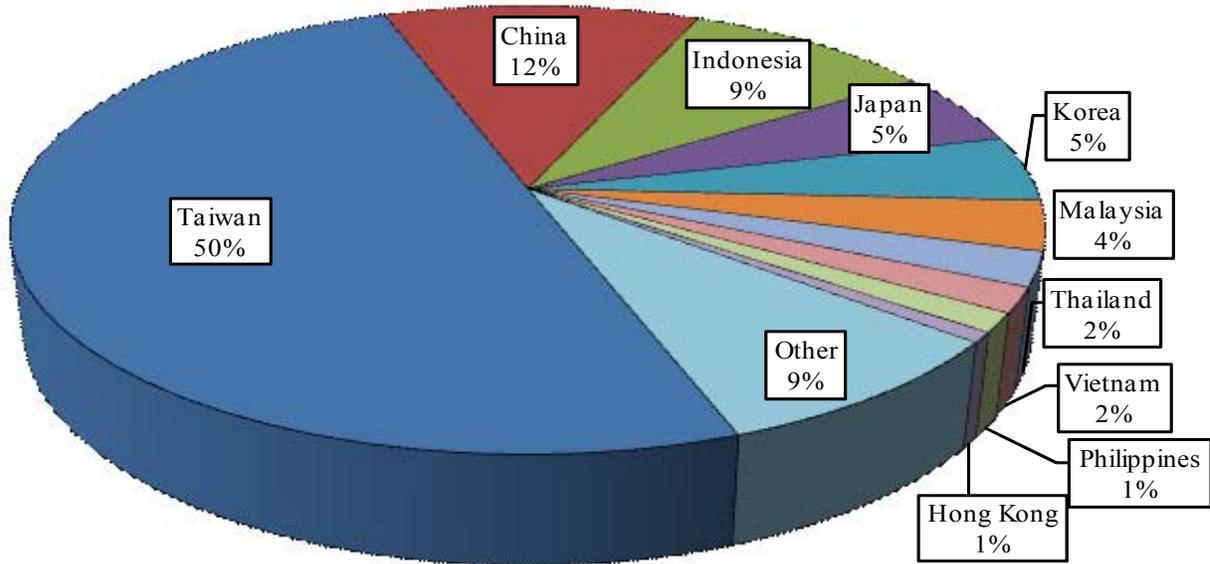
Rates shown are for metric ton (2,204.62 lbs. = 1 metric ton), F.O.B., except where otherwise indicates; op = option

¹75 percent of food aid from the United States is required to be shipped on U.S.-flag vessels.

During 2008, containers were used to transport 6 percent of total U.S. waterborne grain exports, and 9 percent of U.S. grain exports to Asia.

Figure 18

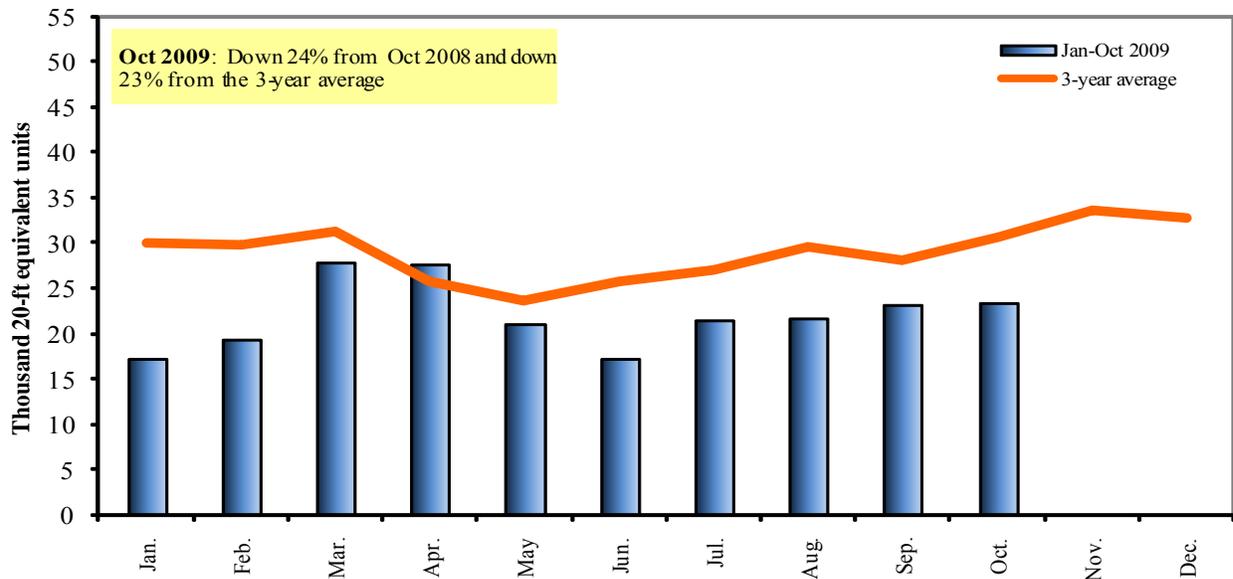
Top 10 Destination Markets for U.S. Containerized Grain Exports, October 2009



Source: Port Import Export Reporting Service (PIERS)

Figure 19

Monthly Shipments of Containerized Grain to Asia



Source: Port Import Export Reporting Service (PIERS), *Journal of Commerce*

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